Met Film School Limited Financial Statements 30 September 2018

### **Financial Statements**

### Year ended 30 September 2018

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#### Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors

J Persey

Met Film Limited

**Company secretary** 

C Cordon

Registered office

**Building A** 

Ealing Studios
Ealing Green
Ealing
London **W5 5EP** 

**Auditor** 

Shipleys LLP

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor

10 Orange Street Haymarket London

WC2H 7DQ

#### **Directors' Report**

#### Year ended 30 September 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2018.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

J Persey Met Film Limited C P Maples

(Resigned 1 July 2018)

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **Auditor**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware
  of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that
  information.

#### Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

### Directors' Report (continued)

### Year ended 30 September 2018

This report was approved by the board of directors on  $\frac{77-6-19}{100}$  and signed on behalf of the board by:

J Persey Director

Registered office: Building A Ealing Studios Ealing Green Ealing London W5 5EP

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Met Film School Limited Year ended 30 September 2018

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Met Film School Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 30 September 2018 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
  that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going
  concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the
  financial statements are authorised for issue.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Met Film School Limited (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2018

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Met Film School Limited (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2018

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
  events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Met Film School Limited (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2018

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Stewart Jell (Senior Statutory Auditor)

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For and on behalf of Shipleys LLP Chartered accountants & statutory auditor 10 Orange Street Haymarket London WC2H 7DQ

78/6/19

### **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

### Year ended 30 September 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Turnover	4	7,077,830	7,362,295
Cost of sales		3,132,541	2,727,619
Gross profit		3,945,289	4,634,676
Administrative expenses		3,703,395	2,927,563
Operating profit	5	241,894	1,707,113
Other interest receivable and similar income	8	_	48
Profit before taxation		241,894	1,707,161
Tax on profit		_	_
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		241,894	1,707,161
Dividends paid and payable	9	_	(991,114)
Retained earnings at the start of the year		6,225,438	5,509,391
Retained earnings at the end of the year		6,467,332	6,225,438

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

#### **Statement of Financial Position**

#### 30 September 2018

		201	2018	
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Intangible assets	10		166,885	279,558
Tangible assets	11		31,824	58,550
			198,709	338,108
Current assets				
Debtors	12	17,299,348		17,253,739
Cash at bank and in hand		1,119,076		730,187
		18,418,424		17,983,926
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(9,104,032)		(8,698,334)
Net current assets			9,314,392	9,285,592
Total assets less current liabilities			9,513,101	9,623,700
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than				
one year	14		(3,045,768)	(3,398,261)
Net assets			6,467,333	6,225,439
Capital and reserves	40		4	
Called up share capital	16		0.407.000	6 005 420
Profit and loss account	17		6,467,332	6,225,438
Shareholders funds			6,467,333	6,225,439
				_

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 1.1.6.1.9.., and are signed on behalf of the board by:

J Persey Director

Company registration number: 06723644

### **Statement of Cash Flows**

### Year ended 30 September 2018

Cash flows from operating activities	2018 £	2017 £
Profit for the financial year	241,894	1,707,161
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of tangible assets Amortisation of intangible assets Other interest receivable and similar income Accrued expenses	26,726 124,073 – 968,636	119,544 (48)
Changes in: Trade and other debtors Trade and other creditors	(45,609) 29,056	(3,071,120) 62,143
Cash generated from operations	1,344,776	612,937
Interest received	to and the	48
Net cash from operating activities	1,344,776	612,985
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible assets Purchase of intangible assets Proceeds from sale of intangible assets	- (11,400)	(8,592) (131,457)
Net cash used in investing activities	(11,400)	(140,049)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from loans from group undertakings Dividends paid	(944,487)	652,005 (991,114)
Net cash used in financing activities	(944,487)	(339,109)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	388,889 730,187	133,827 596,360
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1,119,076	730,187

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 30 September 2018

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Building A, Ealing Studios, Ealing Green, Ealing, London, W5 5EP.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Disclosure exemptions

The company satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. Its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of Met Media Limited which can be obtained from Building A Ealing Studios, Ealing, London, W5 5EP. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- (a) Disclosures in respect of each class of share capital have not been presented.
- (b) No disclosure has been given for the aggregate remuneration of key management personnel.

#### Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Revenue recognition

The company recognises revenue on an accruals basis, when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company. School revenue includes amounts deferred and accrued during the year and is stated after trade discounts, other taxes and net of VAT and is recognised in line with directly attributable costs.

### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2018

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill Development costs

5 years straight line 3 years straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Film making equipment

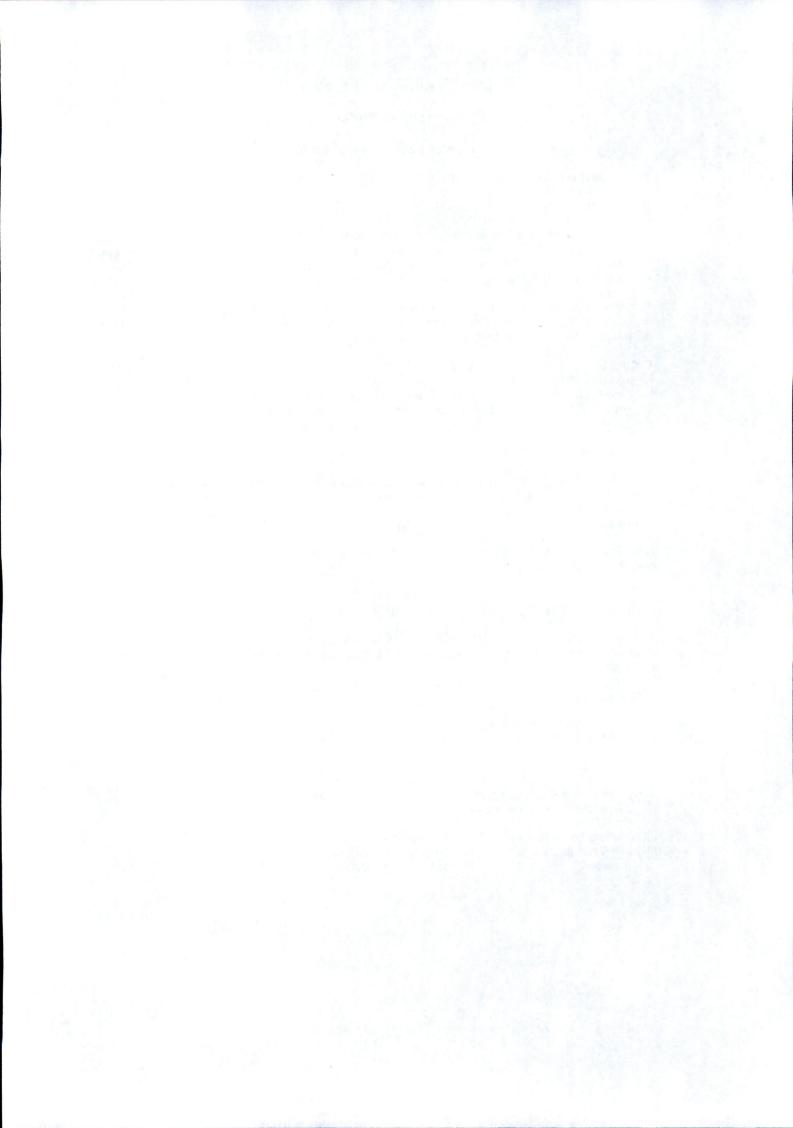
7 years straight line

Fixtures & fittings

10 years straight line

Computers

4 years straight line



#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2018

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the statement of financial position. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the statement of income and retained earnings. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

#### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the year in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

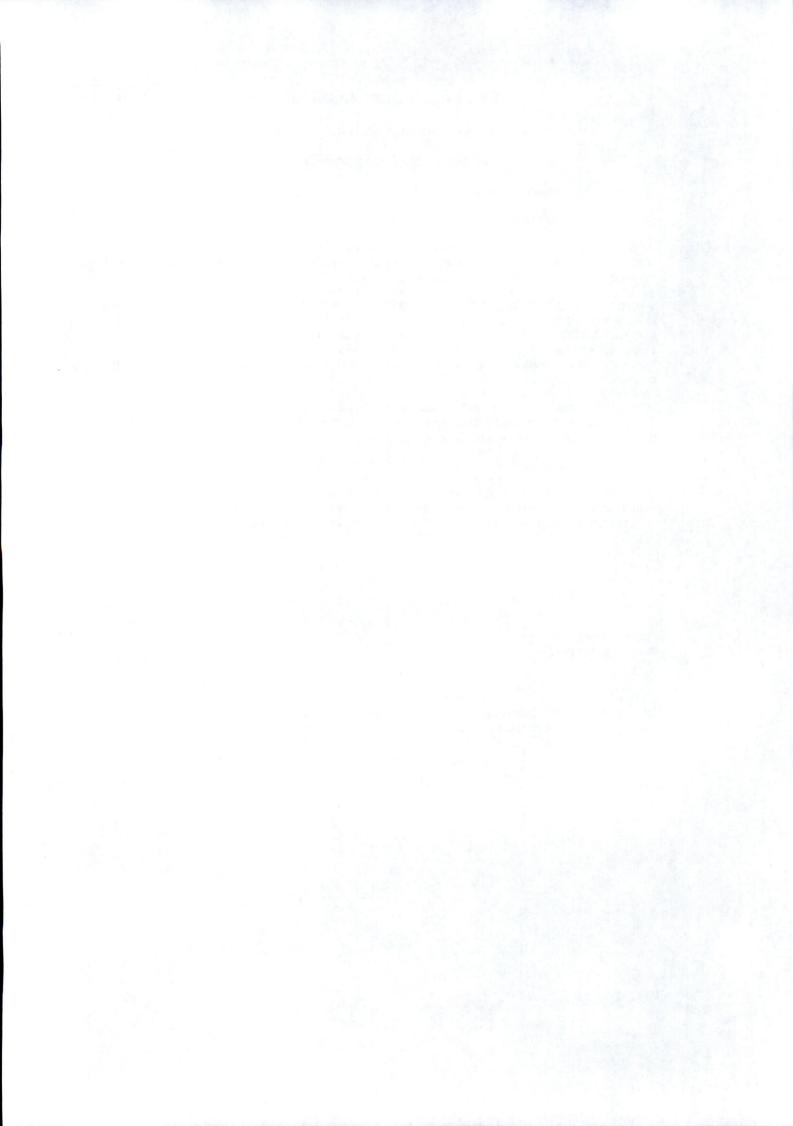
#### 4. Turnover

Turnover arises from:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Course fees	5,223,103	5,454,524
Rendering of services	1,854,727	1,907,771
	7,077,830	7,362,295

The turnover is attributable to the one principal activity of the company. An analysis of turnover by the geographical markets that substantially differ from each other is given below:

	2018	2017
	£	£
United Kingdom	6,335,234	6,502,824
Overseas	742,596	859,471
	7,077,830	7,362,295



### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2018

#### 5. Operating profit

Operating	profit or	loss is	stated	after	charging/crediting:
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	2018	2017
	£	£
Amortisation of intangible assets	124,073	119,544
Depreciation of tangible assets	26,726	26,492
Impairment of trade debtors	17,064	72,833
Foreign exchange differences	(4,308)	_

The audit fee for the group, consolidated under Met Media Limited, was borne in full by Met Film Limited.

#### 6. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to:

	2018 No.	2017
Administrative staff	68	No.
Administrative stair		66
The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the year, relating	g to the above, were:	
	2018	2017
	£	£
Wages and salaries	2,684,832	1,946,631
Social security costs	313,127	238,859
Other pension costs	121,818	112,119
	3,119,777	2,297,609

#### 7. Directors' remuneration

The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services was:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Remuneration	444,281	462,638

The above remuneration relates to director services for the Met Media Group of companies.

#### 8. Other interest receivable and similar income

	Interest on cash and cash equivalents	2018 £	2017 £ 48
9.	Dividends paid and payable		
	Dividends paid during the year (excluding those for which a liability	2018 £	2017 £
	existed at the end of the prior year )	_	991,114

### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

### Year ended 30 September 2018

### 10. Intangible assets

			Goodwill £	Development costs £	Total £
	Cost At 1 October 2017 Additions		100,000	574,913 -	674,913 —
	Other movements			11,400	11,400
	At 30 September 2018		100,000	586,313	686,313
	Amortisation At 1 October 2017 Charge for the year		80,000 20,000	315,355 104,073	395,355 124,073
	At 30 September 2018		100,000	419,428	519,428
	Carrying amount At 30 September 2018		_	166,885	166,885
	At 30 September 2017		20,000	259,558	279,558
11.	Tangible assets				
		Film Making Equipment £	Fixtures and fittings	Computers £	Total £
	Cost At 1 October 2017 and 30 September 2018	80,414	12,166	57,442	150,022
	Depreciation At 1 October 2017 Charge for the year	47,707 11,215	4,294 1,521	39,471 13,990	91,472 26,726
	At 30 September 2018	58,922	5,815	53,461	118,198
	Carrying amount At 30 September 2018	21,492	6,351	3,981	31,824
	At 30 September 2017	32,707	7,872	17,971	58,550
12.	Debtors				
				2018 £	2017 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income Other debtors			2,189,310 8,832,164 6,116,094 161,780	1,177,049 9,016,366 7,010,855 49,469
				17,299,348	17,253,739

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2018

#### 13. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors	194,095	348,828
Amounts owed to group undertakings	- 1	944,487
Accruals and deferred income	8,415,454	7,094,325
Social security and other taxes	493,133	238,719
Other creditors	1,350	71,975
	9,104,032	8,698,334
. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Accruals and deferred income	_	324,799
Student advance payments due	3,045,768	3,073,462

#### 15. Employee benefits

14.

#### **Defined contribution plans**

The amount recognised in profit or loss as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £121,818 (2017: £112,119).

3,045,768

3,398,261

#### 16. Called up share capital

#### Issued, called up and fully paid

	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1.00	1	1.00

#### 17. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

#### 18. Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 102.

#### 19. Controlling party

At the year end, the company's parent was Met Media Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.